

$S$  = Allowable stress of material at the given temperature.

$E$  = Quality factor as applicable to pipe used for mitre bend.

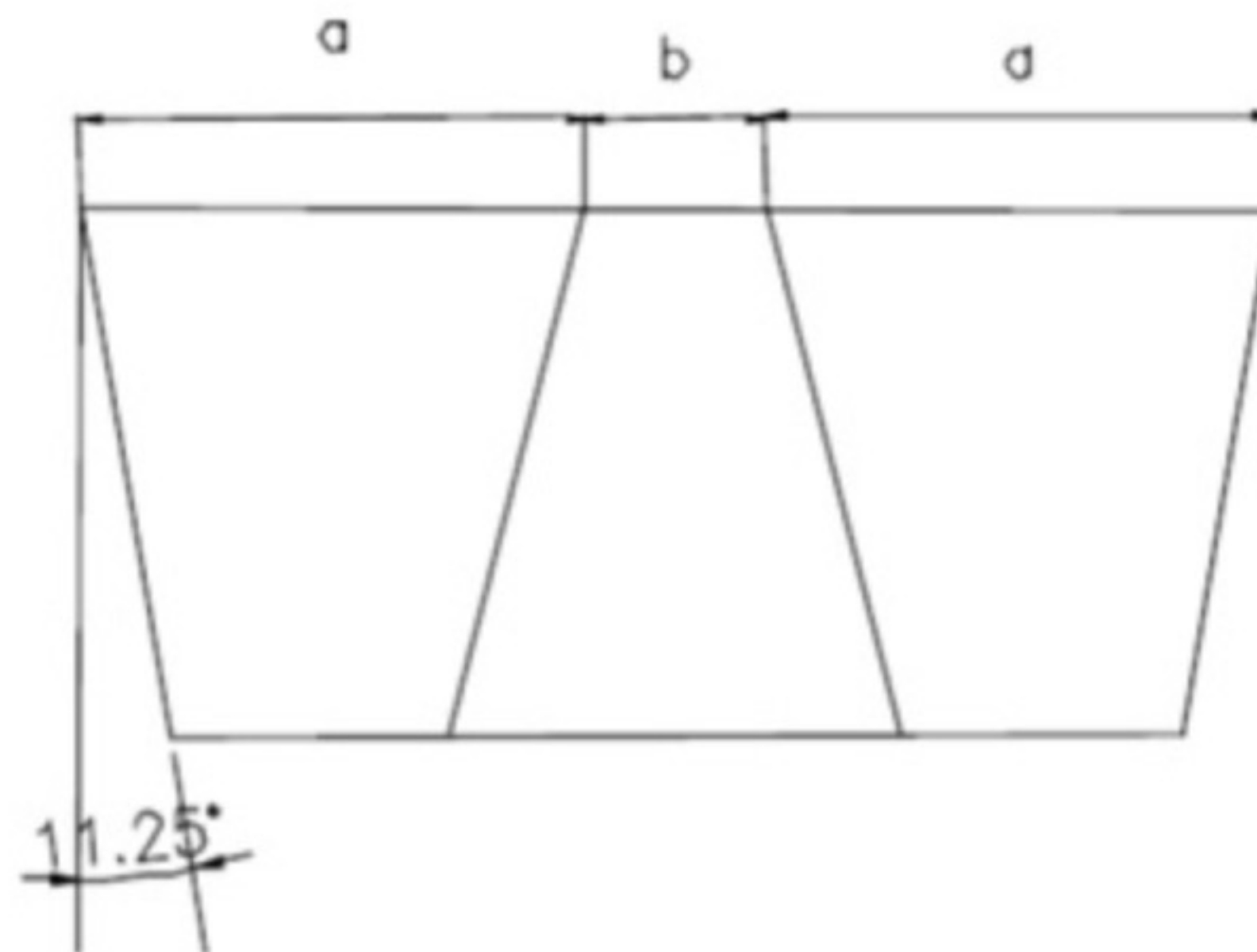
$\theta$  = Angle of mitre cut or  $1/2$  the angle of change in direction at mitre joint.

Thickness ' $T$ ' used in above equations shall extend a distance not less than ' $M$ ' from the inside crotch of the end mitre welds where,

$$M = \text{larger of } 2.5 (r_2 \times T)^{0.5} \text{ or } \tan \theta (R_1 - r_2).$$

Usually extra thickness is available in pipe used for low pressure services and it is possible to use the same pipe for making mitre bends. However a check is always required.

- An angular offset of  $3^\circ$  or less does not require design consideration as a mitre bend.



11.25 = ANGLE OF MITRE CUT

22.5 = ANGLE OF CHANGE IN  
DIRECTION OF MITRE JOINT

FIG. 8